



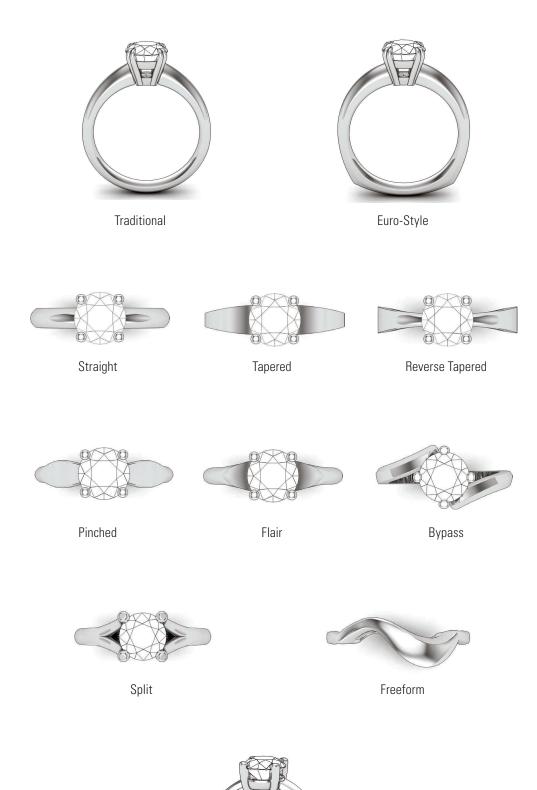
Top/Looking Down View



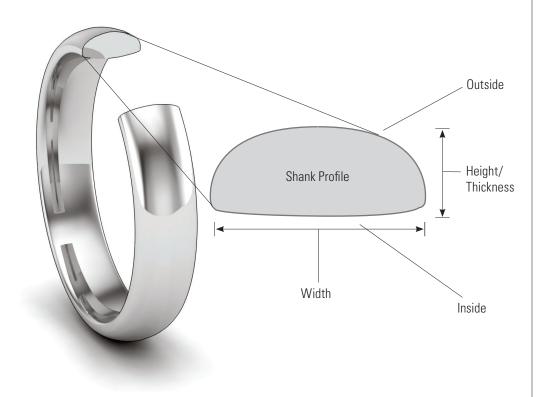
Through Finger View



Side View



Cathedral



OUTSIDE PROFILES



INSIDE PROFILES







Halo











Semi-Mount

Award/Signet



Engagement



Solitaire



Bridal Set (Engagement Ring and Wedding Band)





Anniversary Band



Eternity Band



STRAIGHT BAND

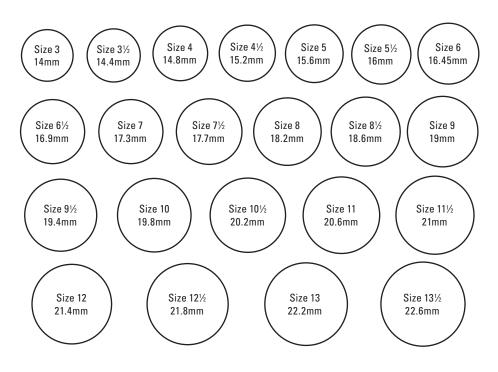
A straight band is designed to complement and sit next to the engagement ring. One advantage of a straight band is that it can be worn independently from the engagement ring. A straight band can fit flush against the engagement ring. However, if the engagement ring has a center setting that prevents the band from sitting flush, a gap can be seen between the ring and band.



Option 1:

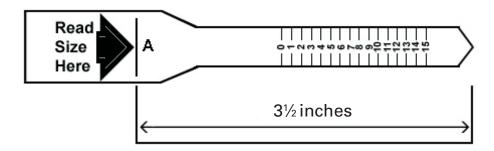
- Place your ring over the circles, matching the inside edge of the ring to the nearest in size.
- If the ring falls between two sizes, select the larger size.





Option 2:

- Copy this page.
- Cut out the ring size chart and then cut a slit for slot "A".
- Wrap the ring size chart around your finger with the numbers facing outward.
- Insert "B" through slot "A" until it fits snugly around the finger where the ring will be worn.
- The number aligned along the slit is your ring size. If the measurement occurs between two numbers, your size is a half size. For example, if it falls between 7 and 8 then your ring size is $7\frac{1}{2}$.



PRONG TYPES



Single



Double



Triple



V-Prong/Chevron



Decorative Double

- PRONG COUNT -



Four (Standard)



Six



Two (Vertical)



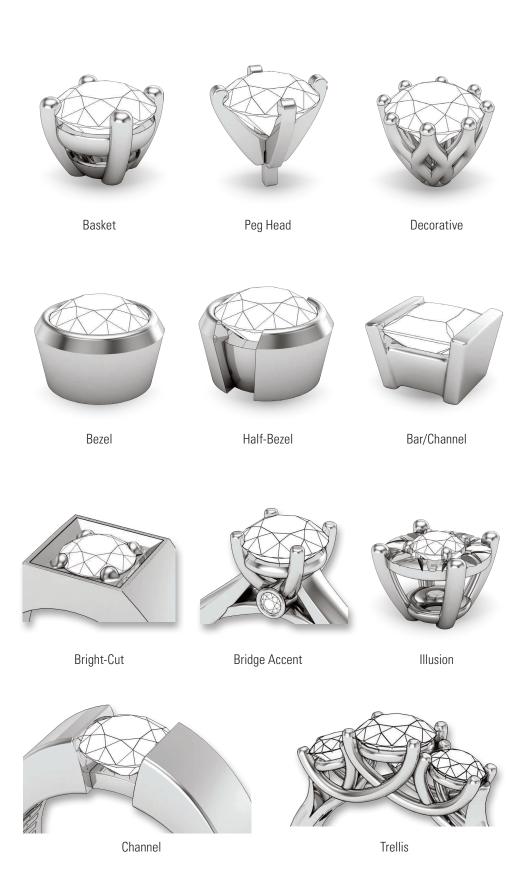
Four (Diagonal)



Eight



Two (Horizontal)





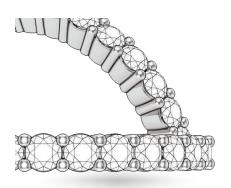


Channel

Bead and Bright-Cut/Pinpoint



Surface Prong

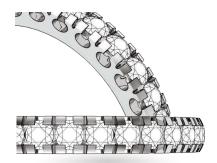


Shared Prong



Bar

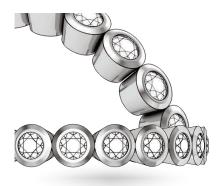




Scallop Fishtail

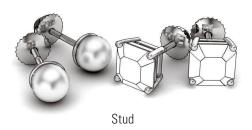


Pavé





Bezel Gypsy/Flush









Chandelier







Hinged/Huggie



Ear Trim



Friction Post/Tension Back



Friction Post/Clutch Back



Threaded Post/Threaded Back



Protektor™ Post/Back



Omega Clip



Clip On



Lever Back



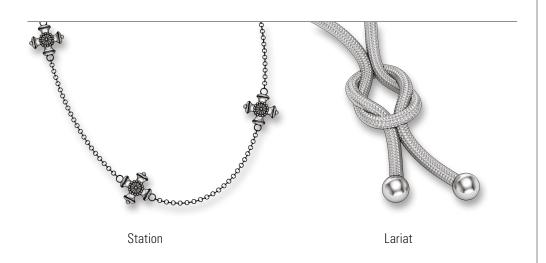
Hinged Earwire



Earwire/Shepherds Hook



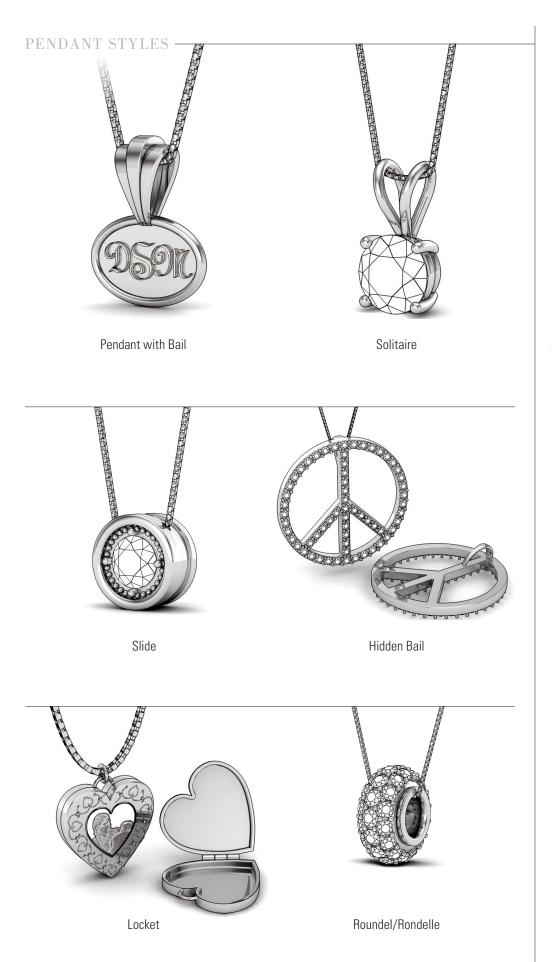


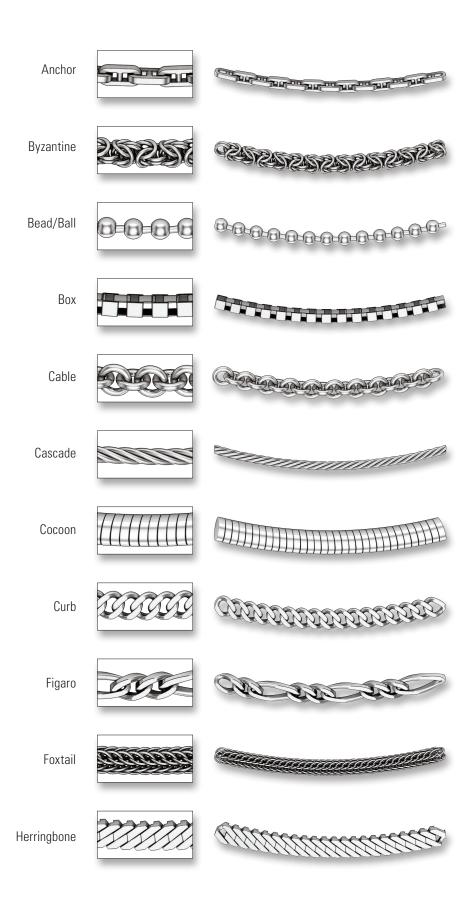


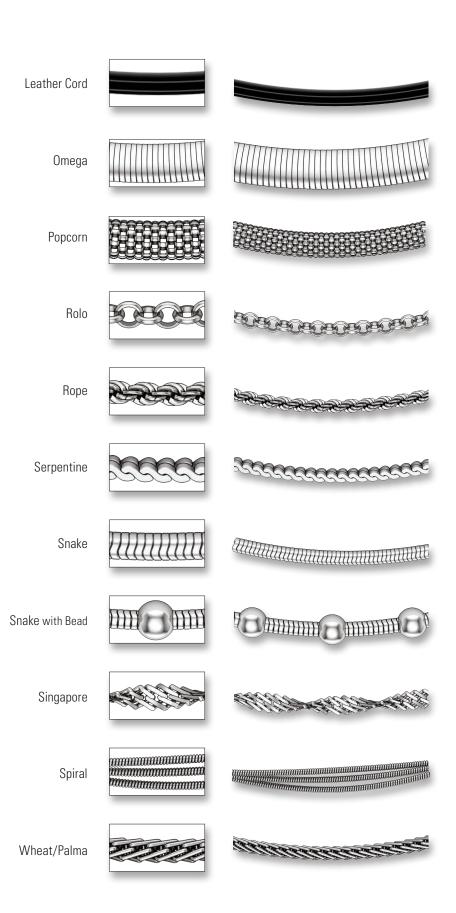




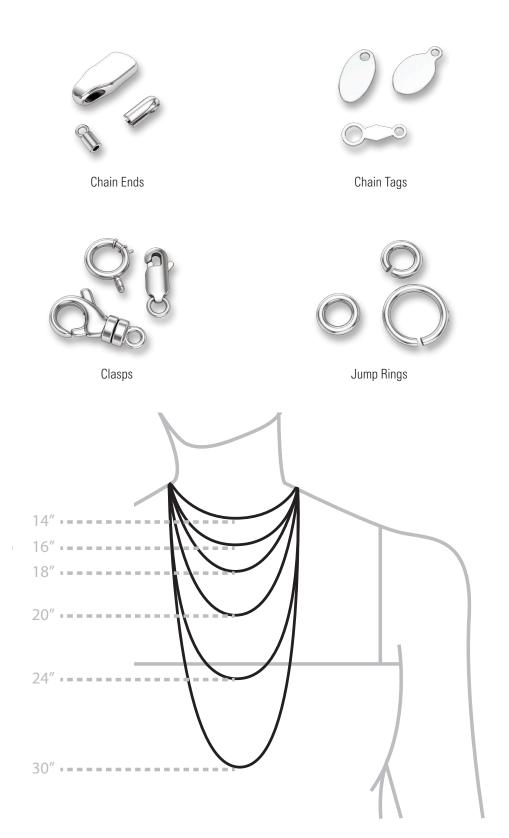


















Spring Ring

Lobster Claw

Bayonet







Barrel

Open Box

Figure 8 Safety



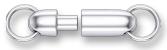




Toggle

S-Hook

Mystery







Magnetic

Pearl

Bracelet Catch





Money Clip

BROOCH AND LAPEL PIN







Pin Assembly (Also known as stem and catch, or pinch and joint)



Charm



Bracelet Slide



Beads





Line/Tennis

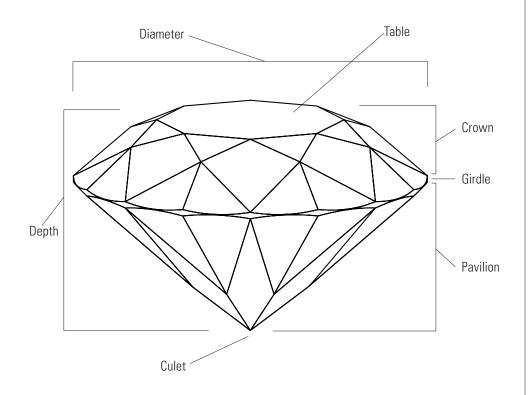
Link



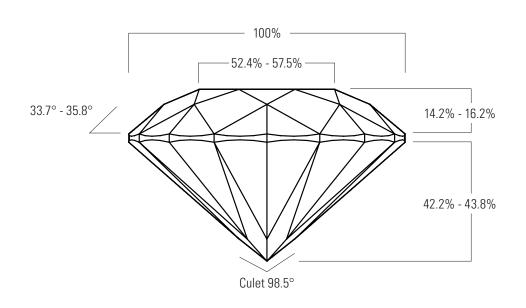
Cuff

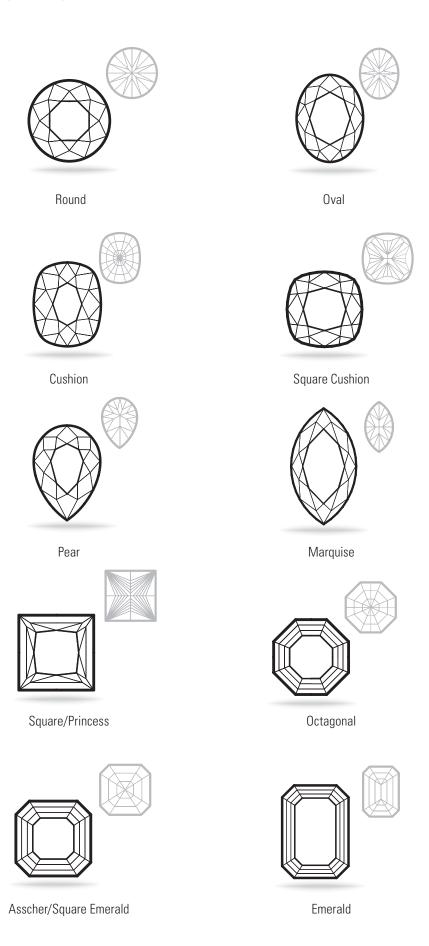


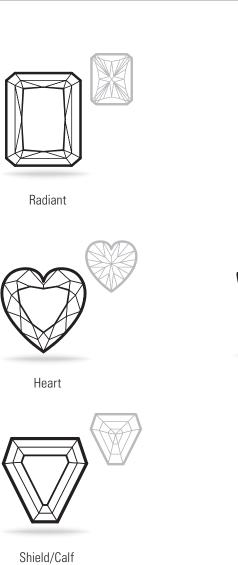
Bangle

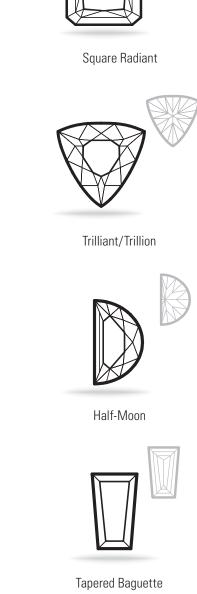


AMERICAN GEMOLOGICAL SOCIETY (AGS®) IDEAL CUT







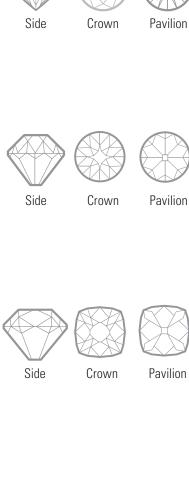




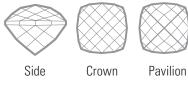
Straight Baguette

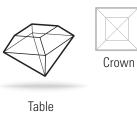
Trapezoid





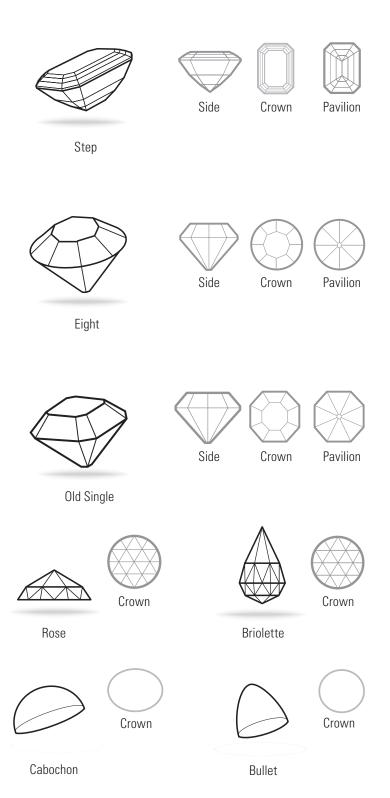






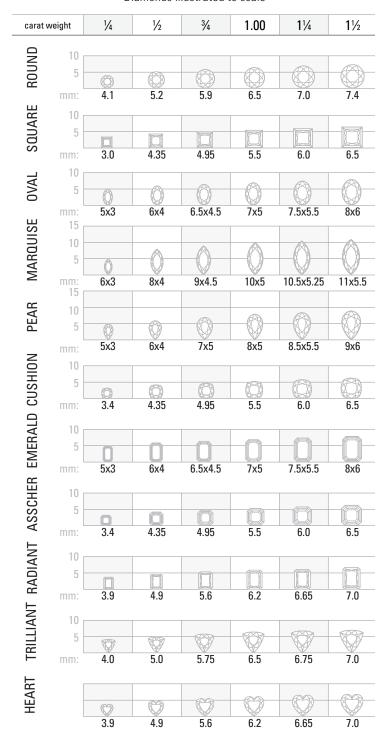




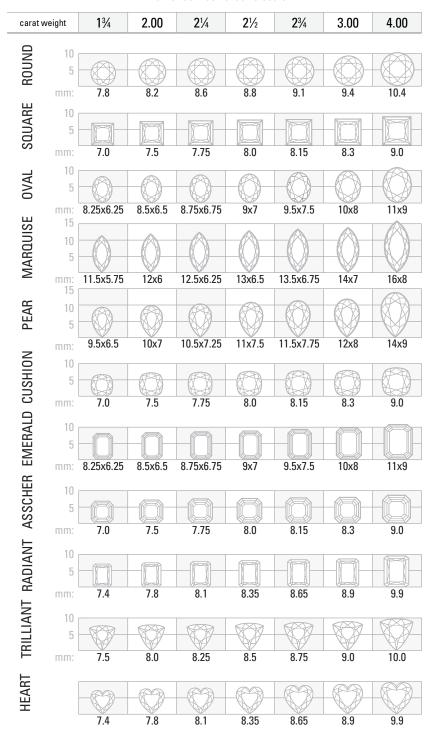


Master gem cutters, mathematicians, scientists, and jewelers have been developing unique and proprietary cuts to draw the beauty out of gemstone material. Some gem cuts are created to maximize the sparkle, while other gem cuts are created to draw the viewer into the gemstone.

Diamonds illustrated to scale



Diamonds illustrated to scale









Engraving

Filigree

Milgrain







Pierced/Openwork

Carved

Enamel/Resin Inlay



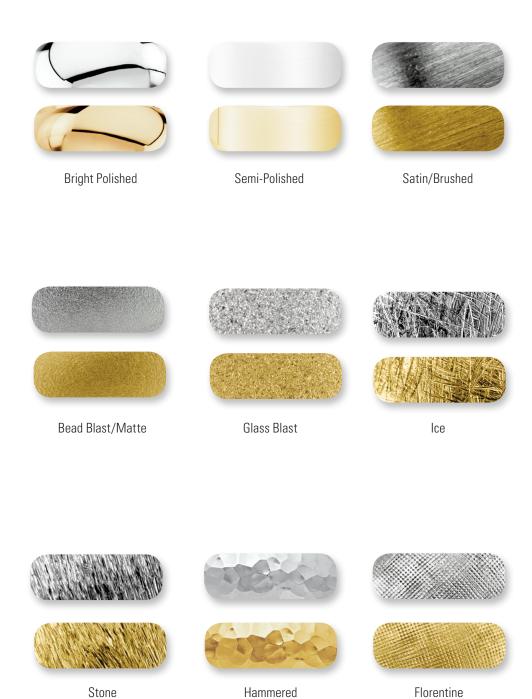




Raised Text

Recessed Text

Inside Engraving





FINISHED JEWELRY

Complete and ready-to-wear jewelry that is polished and set with all stones.



SEMI-FINISHED JEWELRY

Partially complete jewelry which is typically set with accent gems. Due to increased flexibility and extreme difference in cost of larger gemstones (based on quality and size), the center setting is incomplete so that a jeweler can remount a customer's existing gemstone, set an in-stock gemstone, or purchase a new gem based on the customer's desire.

SEMI-MOUNT WITH HEAD

Polished and set with side stones or melee and complete with a fixed head. The center stone itself still needs to be set

SEMI-MOUNT WITHOUT HEAD

Set with side stones or melee, but with no head or center stone. The center setting itself still needs to be installed and set.



UNFINISHED JEWELRY

Jewelry available in different degrees of finish.

RAW. A raw casting that needs to be sanded, polished, and set with stones if needed.

SEMI-POLISHED. The jewelry item has been tumbled, but needs a final polish and all stones to be set if needed.

POLISHED. The jewelry item is complete pertaining to finishing, but all stones still must be set if needed.

FINDINGS. Components or parts used in the making of jewelry, for example, heads, earwires, basket settings, jump rings, posts, etc.

GOLD (Au)

24 Karat gold is a dense, malleable precious metal that is bright yellow in color and can be polished to a high luster. In its pure form it is considered too soft and not suitable to use in jewelry. Gold is commonly mixed with other metals, or alloys, to create a wide range of color variations and working properties.

White gold is a silvery-looking gold alloy that contains gold mixed with palladium, nickel, or sometimes zinc to achieve its color. White gold has yellow undertones and is commonly rhodium-plated to create a whiter appearance. The plating will eventually wear away at which time it can be replated. X₁ White Gold is a super white alloy that does not require rhodium-plating.

- 24 Karat gold fine (99.7% gold).
- 18 Karat gold is 18 parts gold or 75% pure gold content, which may be marked as 750.
- 14 Karat gold is 14 parts gold or 58% pure gold content, which may be marked as 585.
- 10 Karat gold is 10 parts gold or 41% pure gold content.



PLATINUM (Pt)

Platinum is a dense, malleable metal that is white in color with cool undertones. It is almost always used in its purest form in jewelry, 95%. Platinum is substantial in weight. Comparatively, a ring in platinum will weigh almost 60% more than the same ring in 14kt gold. For these reasons a platinum ring is significantly more expensive than the same item in a gold alloy.

PALLADIUM (Pd)

Palladium is a member of the platinum metal group and is a soft, silvery-white color with slightly gray undertones. It is also used in an almost pure form in jewelry, 95%.

SILVER (Ag)

Silver is a soft, lustrous metal that is very malleable and silvery-white in color.

Sterling silver is a common alloy comprised of 92.5 % silver and 7.5 % copper. Continuum™ sterling silver is an alternative that is 92.5% pure, resistant to oxidation, and harder. Continuum™ sterling is suitable for gem setting and offers added longevity.

Metal	Color	Finish	Working Properties	Hypo- Allergenic
Yellow Gold	Bright yellow to yellow	Shows scratches, polishes as worn	Malleable, wears over time	No
White Gold	White with a yellow undertone	Shows scratches, polishes as worn	Rigid, more brittle than platinum, wears over time	No
Platinum	White with a cool undertone	Resistant to wear, shows scratches, dulls to satin finish	Malleable but dense. Maintains surface embellishment such as engraving and milgrain	Yes
Palladium	Silvery-white with a gray undertone	Resistant to wear, shows scratches, slowly dulls to satin finish	Similar to platinum but with less weight	Yes
Sterling Silver	Silvery-white with a slight pink undertone	Shows scratches, polishes as worn, tarnishes	Malleable, less suitable for everyday jewelry because it wears away more quickly	No

CONTEMPORARY METALS

A variety of metal alternatives offer lower cost options for use in jewelry. Rings created from contemporary metals cannot be sized.

Metal	Color	Finish	Properties	Hypo- Allergenic	Emergency Removal
Titanium	Gray	Will show signs of wear, but can be polished	Lightweight, shatterproof	Yes	Motorized Ring Cutter
Dura Cobalt®	White	Will show signs of wear, but can be polished	Shatterproof	Yes	Motorized Ring Cutter
Dura Tungsten®	Gray White, Black (topcoat)	Will remain polished with no maintenance	Heavy, substantial feel, can fracture or break	Yes	Tungsten/ Ceramic Ring Cracker
Ceramic Couture [™]	Black, White, Pink (throughout)	Maintains its finish	Can break	Yes	Tungsten/ Ceramic Ring Cracker
Stainless Steel	Grayish White	Can be machined or cast. Will show signs of wear but can be polished	Shatterproof	Yes	Motorized Ring Cutter

Carats to Millimeters Conversion Chart for Round Diamonds

Carat (ct)	Millimeters (mm)
0.005	1.0
0.007	1.2
0.010	1.3
0.015	1.5
0.020	1.7
0.025	1.8
0.030	2.0
0.035	2.1
0.04	2.2
0.05	2.4
0.06	2.5
0.07	2.7
0.08	2.8
0.09	2.9
0.10	3.0
0.11	3.1
0.12	3.2
0.14	3.3
0.15	3.4
0.16	3.5
0.17	3.6
0.18	3.7
0.20	3.8
0.22	3.9
0.23	4.0
0.25	4.1
0.30	4.2
0.33	4.4
0.35	4.5
0.38	4.6
0.40	4.8
0.43	4.9
0.47	5.0
0.50	5.2
0.60	5.4
0.63	5.5
0.65	5.6
0.75	5.8
0.80	6.0
0.85	6.2
0.95	6.4
1.00	6.5
1.10	6.6
1.17	6.8

Carat (ct)	Millimeters (mm)
1.25	7.0
1.33	7.0
1.50	7.4
1.60	7.4
1.75	7.0
1.75	8.0
	8.2
2.00	8.4
2.15	
2.25	8.6
2.50	8.8
2.65	9.0
2.85	9.2
3.00	9.4
3.15	9.6
3.35	9.8
3.50	10.0
3.75	10.2
4.00	10.4
4.25	10.6
4.50	10.8
4.75	11.0
5.00	11.2
5.25	11.4
5.50	11.6
5.75	11.8
5.81	11.8
6.00	11.9
6.25	12.1
7.00	12.5
7.50	12.9
7.75	13.0
8.00	13.1
8.23	13.3
8.50	13.4
8.75	13.5
9.00	13.7
9.20	13.8
9.75	14.0
10.34	14.5
12.00	15.0
12.92	15.4
13.17	15.5
14.50	16.0
	. 5.0

Weights and Measurements Conversion Chart

To Convert (x) Multiply by (=) To Get
Carat (ct)	0.1286	Pennyweight (dwt
Carat (ct)	0.2	Gram (g)
Pennyweight (dwt)	7.776	Carat (ct)
Pennyweight (dwt)	1.5552	Gram (g)
Pennyweight (dwt)	0.05	Ounce (troy)
Gram (g)	5	Carat (ct)
Gram (g)	0.64301	Pennyweight (dwt)
Kilogram (kg)	32.1507	Ounce (troy)
Kilogram (kg)	0.643014	Pennyweight (dwt)
Inch	25.4	Millimeters (mm)
Ounce (av)	0.91146	Ounce (troy)
Ounce (av)	28.3495	Gram (g)
Ounce (troy)	31.1035	Gram (g)
Ounce (troy)	1.0971	Ounce (av)
Pounds (lb)	453.592	Gram (g)
Pounds (lb)	291.666	Pennyweight (dwt)
Pounds (lb)	14.583	Ounce (troy)

Gauge to Millimeters Conversion Chart for Round Wire/Flat Sheet

Gauge (ga)	Millimeters (mm)
0	8.25
2	6.54
4	5.19
6	4.11
8	3.26
10	2.59
12	2.05
13	1.83
14	1.63
15	1.45
16	1.29
18	1.02
19	0.91

Gauge (ga)	Millimeters (mm)
20	0.81
21	0.721
22	0.643
23	0.572
24	0.511
25	0.455
26	0.404
27	0.36
28	0.32
29	0.285
30	0.254
32	0.201
34	0.16

Gemstone Hardness and Specific Gravity

Material	Hardness (Mohs)	Gravity
Agate	7	2.54-2.65
Alexandrite	8.5	3.68 - 3.78
Amber	2.5	1.08-1.1
Amethyst	7	2.63-2.65
Ametrine	7	2.63-2.65
Andalusite	7.5	3.13-3.21
Apatite	5	3.20
Aquamarine	7.5	2.67-2.91
Aventurine	7	2.62-2.65
Azurite	3.5	3.78
Beryl	7.5	2.69
Bloodstone	7	2.60-2.65
Chalcedony	7	2.61-2.65
Calcite	3	2.71
Carnelian	7	2.60-2.65
Chrysoberyl	8.5	3.68-3.78
Chysoprase	7	2.58-2.65
Citrine	7	2.65
Coral	3.5	2.65-2.68
Corundum	9	3.96-4.01
Diamond	10	3.52
Emerald	7.5	2.63-2.91
Feldspar	6	2.55-2.76
Fluorite	4	3.10
Garnet	6.5-7.5	3.5-4.3
Goldenite	7	2.63-2.91
Goshenite	7.5	2.63-2.91
Gypsum	2	2.31-2.33
Heliodor	7.5	2.63-2.91
Hematite	6.5	5.05-5.20
Hiddenite	7	3.18
Howlite	3.5	2.53-2.59
lolite	7	2.59-2.63
Ivory	2.5	1.80
Jade	6.5-7	2.90-3.10

Material	Hardness (Mohs)	Gravity
Jasper	7	2.58-2.91
Jet	2.5	1.38
Kunzite	7	3.16-3.2
Kyanite	7.0/5.0	3.60-3.68
Labradorite	6	2.55-2.76
Lapis Lazuli	5.5	2.70-2.90
Malachite	4	3.80
Moonstone	6	2.55-2.76
Morganite	7.5	2.63-2.91
Obsidian	5	2.30-2.6
Onyx	7	2.60-2.65
Opal	6.05/6.5	1.98-2.25
Pearl	3	2.70-2.75
Peridot	6.5	3.22-3.45
Quartz	7	2.65
Rhodochrosite	4	3.6-3.7
Rhodonite	6	3.6
Ruby	9	3.97-4.08
Sapphire	9	3.99-4.05
Sardonyx	7	2.61
Scapolite	6	2.70
Serpentine	2.5/5	2.4-2.8
Silimanite	7.5	3.25
Sodalite	5.5	2.13 -2.29
Spinel	8	3.58-4.06
Sunstone	6	2.55-4.06
Talc	1	2.75
Tanzanite	6.5	3.35
Tiger's Eye	7	2.64-2.71
Topaz	8	3.50-3.60
Tortoiseshell	2.5	1.30
Tourmaline	7.5	3.02-3.26
Turquoise	6	2.60-2.80
Zircon	7.5	4.60-4.70

Metal Hardness and Specific Gravity

Metal	Hardness (Vickers)	Density (gram/cubic cc)
Gold (Au)		
10kt Yellow Gold, Standard	128	11.32
10kt Yellow Gold, Bright	135	11.47
10kt Yellow Gold, Rich	131	11.42
10kt White Gold	165	10.99
10kt Rose/Red Gold	120	11.52
14kt Yellow Gold, Standard	134	12.84
14kt Yellow Gold, Clean Cast	138	12.89
14kt Yellow Gold, Bright	155	12.99
14kt Yellow Gold, Rich	162	13.05
14kt Yellow Gold, Lemon	165	12.84
14kt Green Gold	88	14.17
14kt X1 White Gold (.585)	204	12.58
18kt Yellow Gold, Royal	126	15.53
18kt Yellow Gold, Rich	160	15.39
18kt Rose/Red Gold	257	15.02
18kt White Gold, Soft (low nickel)	203	14.62
18kt X ₁ White Gold	231	14.69
22kt Yellow Gold	74	17.86
24kt Fine Gold	30	19.30

Silver (Ag)

Fine Silver	26	10.49
Sterling Silver	70	10.35

Platinum (Pt)

.585 Platinum	145	17.27
.900 Platinum Iridium	110	21.56
.950 Platinum Cobalt	135	20.10

Palladium (Pd)

.950 Super Palladium	138	11.79
14kt White Palladium	125	14.37
18kt White Palladium	158	15.66

Titanium (Ti)

Titanium	99	4.51

Finger Size to Millimeters Size Conversion Chart

Finger Size	Millimeters (mm)
3	14.036
31/8	14.139
31/4	14.242
3%	14.345
31/2	14.448
3%	14.551
3¾	14.654
31/8	14.757
4	14.860
41//8	14.963
41/4	15.066
43//8	15.169
41/2	15.272
4%	15.375
43/4	15.478
47/8	15.582
5	15.686
51//8	15.789
51/4	15.892
5%	15.995
5½	16.089
5%	16.201
5¾	16.304
5%	16.407
6	16.510

Finger Size	Millimeters (mm)
61//8	16.613
61/4	16.716
63//8	16.819
6½	16.922
65/8	17.025
6¾	17.128
6%	17.231
7	17.334
71//8	17.437
71/4	17.540
7¾	17.643
7½	17.746
7%	17.849
73/4	17.952
71/8	18.056
8	18.160
81/8	18.236
81/4	18.366
8¾	18.469
8½	18.572
85//8	18.675
8¾	18.778
81/8	18.881
9	18.984
91//8	19.087

Finger Size	Millimeters (mm)
91/4	19.190
9%	19.239
91/2	19.396
9%	19.499
9¾	19.602
9%	19.705
10	19.808
101//8	19.911
101/4	20.014
10%	20.117
10½	20.220
10%	20.323
10¾	20.426
10%	20.530
11	20.634
111//8	20.737
111/4	20.840
113//8	20.943
11½	21.046
11%	21.149
113/4	21.252
111//8	21.355
12	21.458

Fineness of Gold Karats

Karat	% Gold
6kt	25.0%
7kt	29.2%
8kt	33.3%
9kt	37.5%
10kt	41.7%
11kt	45.8%
12kt	50.0%

Karat	% Gold
13kt	54.2%
14kt	58.3%
15kt	62.5%
16kt	66.7%
17kt	70.8%
18kt	75.0%
19kt	79.2%

K	arat	% Gold
2	20kt	83.3%
4	21kt	87.5%
2	22kt	91.7%
4	23kt	95.8%
1	24kt	100.0%